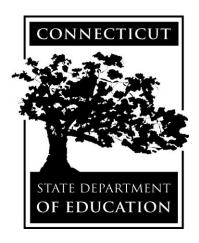
## English Language Arts Crosswalk Common Core State Standards to Connecticut State Standards



**Grade 8** 

GRADE 8		
CCSS	CT Standard Match	ELL Framework Link
READING STRAND: READING STANDARI	OS FOR LITERATURE	
Key Ideas and Details		
CC.8.R.L.1 Cite the textual evidence that most strongly supports an analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.	CT.8.R.7 Reading Comprehension: After Reading: Developing an Interpretation: Develop literal and inferential questions about texts using explicit and implicit evidence from the texts.	2:2-2.A.q (6-8) Answer literal and inferential questions about grade-appropriate texts.  2:2-2.A.v (6-8) Analyze, synthesize and construct meaning from text.  2:2-3.B.k (6-8) Make inferences from explicit information.  2:2-3.B.s (6-8) Make inferences from implicit information.
CC.8.R.L.2  Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text, including its relationship to the characters, setting, and plot; provide an objective summary of the text.	CT.8.R.4 Reading Comprehension: After Reading: General Understanding: Generalize about universal themes, human nature, cultural and historical perspectives from reading multiple texts.  CT.8.R.6 Reading Comprehension: After Reading: General Understanding: Interpret how situations, actions and other characters influence a character's personality and development.  CT.8.R.5 Reading Comprehension: After Reading: General Understanding: Explain how a story's plots and subplots do/do not contribute to the conflict and resolution.	2:2-2.A.n (6-8) Select and organize relevant information.  2:2-2.A.t (6-8) Interpret text.  2:2-2.A.v (6-8) Analyze, synthesize and construct meaning from text.  2:2-3.B.m (6-8) Identify main idea and supporting details.  2:2-3.B.v (6-8) Support interpretation with evidence from text.

GRADE 8		
CCSS	CT Standard Match	ELL Framework Link
CC.8.R.L.3	CT.8.R.5	2:2-2.A.v (6-8)
Analyze how particular lines of dialogue or	Reading Comprehension: After Reading:	Analyze, synthesize and construct meaning
incidents in a story or drama propel the action,	General Understanding: Explain how a story's	from text.
reveal aspects of a character, or provoke a	plots and subplots do/do not contribute to the	
decision.	conflict and resolution.	2:2-2.A.z (6-8)
		Recognize the elements of an author's craft
	CT.8.R.12	including literary devices.
	Reading Comprehension: After Reading: Making	
	Reader/Text Connections: Identify motivations	2:2-3.B.k (6-8)
	and reactions of literary characters from different	Make inferences from explicit information.
	cultures or historical periods when confronting	1
	similar personal conflicts, and hypothesize how	2:2-3.B.v (6-8)
	those characters would handle a similar modern	Support interpretation with evidence from text.
	conflict.	
	CT.8.R.13	
	Reading Comprehension: After Reading:	
	Content and Structure: Critique the way in which	
	an author uses a variety of language structures to	
	create an intended effect, e.g., words or phrases	
	from another language, dialect, simile and	
	metaphor.	
Craft and Structure		
CC.8.R.L.4	CT.8.R.1	2:2-2.A.c (6-8)
Determine the meaning of words and phrases as	Vocabulary: Explain and evaluate the	Develop vocabulary.
they are used in a text, including figurative and	effectiveness of persuasive vocabulary authors	
connotative meanings; analyze the impact of	across all content areas use to influence reader's	2:2-2.A.h (6-8)
specific word choices on meaning and tone,	opinions or actions, e.g., loaded words,	Recognize common word parts.
including analogies or allusions to other texts.	exaggeration, emotional words, euphemisms.	
		2:2-2.A.s (6-8)
	CT.8.R.2	Recognize and use literary terms.
	Reading Comprehension: Before and During	
	Reading: Use cueing system and context clues to	
	determine meanings of words.	

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CCSS	CT Standard Match	ELL Framework Link
	CT.8.R.13	2:2-2.A.z (6-8)
	Reading Comprehension: After Reading:	Recognize the elements of an author's craft
	Content and Structure: Critique the way in which	including literary devices.
	an author uses a variety of language structures to	
	create an intended effect, e.g., words or phrases	2:2-3.B.f (6-8)
	from another language, dialect, simile and	Use context to construct meaning.
	metaphor.	
CC.8.R.L.5	CT.7.R.5	2:2-2.A.i (6-8)
Compare and contrast the structure of two or	Reading Comprehension: After Reading:	Explore a variety of genre.
more texts and analyze how the differing	General Understanding: Compare and contrast	
structure of each text contributes to its meaning	universal themes, human nature, cultural and	2:2-2.A.y (6-8)
and style.	historical perspectives in multiple texts.	Interpret and respond to text.
	CT.8.R.8	2:2-2.A.z (6-8)
	Reading Comprehension: After Reading:	Recognize the elements of an author's craft
	Developing an Interpretation: Compare and	including literary devices.
	contrast literature written in a variety of genres	merading nerally devices.
	and explain why certain genres are best suited to	2:2-3.B.i (6-8)
	convey a specific message or invoke a particular	Make text-to-self, text-to-text and text-to world
	response from the reader.	connections.
	CT.8.R.10	2:2-3.B.v (6-8)
	Reading Comprehension: After Reading:	Support interpretation with evidence from text.
	Developing an Interpretation: Compare, contrast	_
	and critique two author's beliefs and assumptions	
	about a single topic or issue and decide which	
	author presents the stronger argument.	

GRADE 8		
CCSS	CT Standard Match	ELL Framework Link
CC.8.R.L.6 Analyze how differences in the points of view of the characters and the audience or reader (e.g., created through the use of dramatic irony) create such effects as suspense or humor.	CT.7.R.6 Reading Comprehension: After Reading: General Understanding: Identify an author's use of time and sequence through the use of literary devices, e.g., foreshadow, flashbacks, dream sequences, parallel episodes, and the use of traditional and/or cultural-based organizational patterns.	2:2-2.A.z (6-8) Recognize the elements of an author's craft including literary devices.  2:2-3.B.f (6-8) Use context to construct meaning.  2:2-3.B.k (6-8) Make inferences from explicit information.  2:2-3.B.s (6-8) Make inferences from implicit information.  2:2-3.B.v (6-8) Support interpretation with evidence from text.
Integration of Knowledge and Ideas		
Analyze the extent to which a filmed or live production of a story or drama stays faithful to or departs from the text or script, evaluating the choices made by the director or actors.	CT.7.R.12 Reading Comprehension: After Reading: Making Reader/Text Connections: Apply information in one text to understand a similar situation or concept in another text.  CT.7.R.9 Reading Comprehension: After Reading: Developing an Interpretation: Explain the similarities and differences in how an idea or concept is expressed in multiple texts.	2:2-3.B.c (6-8) Make inferences from visuals.  2:2-3B.f (6-8) Use context to construct meaning.  2:2-3.B.j (6-8) Visualize images suggested by the text.  2:2-3.B.k (6-8) Make inferences from explicit information.

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Analyze how a modern work of fiction draws on themes, patterns of events, or character types from myths, traditional stories, or religious works such as the Bible, including describing how the material is rendered new.	CT.8.R.4 Reading Comprehension: After Reading: General Understanding: Generalize about universal themes, human nature, cultural and historical perspectives from reading multiple texts.  CT.8.R.16 Reading Comprehension: After Reading: Content and Structure: Evaluate recurring themes in literature that reflect worldwide social and/or economic change, e.g., social change, such as characters that change their attitudes after learning about different cultures.	2:2-2.A.e (6-8) Connect prior knowledge to new information.  2:2-2.A.v (6-8) Analyze, synthesize and construct meaning from text.  2:2-2.A.x (6-8) Go beyond the text to enhance meaning.  2:2-2.A.y (6-8) Interpret and respond to text.  2:2-3.B.i (6-8) Make text-to-self, text-to-text and text-to world connections.
Range of Reading and level of Text Complexity		
CC.8.R.L.10  By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, at the high end of grades 6–8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.	CT.8.R.18 Reading Reflection/Behaviors: Set goals for reading and develop a reading improvement plan.  CT.8.R.19 Reading Reflection/Behaviors: Track reading progress through the use of such tools as portfolios, learning logs, self-scoring rubrics or strategy charts.	2:2-2.A.d (6-8) Expand knowledge of content.  2:2-2.A.i (6-8) Explore a variety of genre.  2:2-2.A.j (6-8) Expand academic vocabulary.  2:2-2.A.r (6-8) Increase fluency.  2:2-3.B.t (6-8) Monitor comprehension while reading and self-correct.

GRADE 8		
CCSS	CT Standard Match	ELL Framework Link
READING STRAND: READING STANDAR	DS FOR INFORMATIONAL TEXT	
Key Ideas and Details		
CC.8.R.I.1 Cite the textual evidence that most strongly supports an analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.	CT.8.R.7 Reading Comprehension: After Reading: Developing an Interpretation: Develop literal and inferential questions about texts using explicit and implicit evidence from the texts.  CT.8.R.17 Reading Comprehension: After Reading: Content and Structure: Extend the meaning of a text by expressing an insight implied but not stated, e.g., author's perspective, the nature of conflict, or use text-based information to solve a problem not explicitly identified in the text, e.g., use information in an article about fitness to design an exercise routine.	2:2-2.A.v (6-8) Analyze, synthesize and construct meaning from text.  2:2-3.B.f (6-8) Use context to construct meaning.  2:2-3.B.k (6-8) Make inferences from explicit information.  2:2-3.B.s (6-8) Make inferences from implicit information.  2:2-3.B.v (6-8) Support interpretation with evidence from tex
CC.8.R.I.2  Determine a central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text, including its relationship to supporting ideas; provide an objective summary of the text.	CT.6.R.11 Reading Comprehension: After Reading: General Understanding: Summarize information, including introduction and closing statements, main idea, most important supporting text-based facts, details and/or ideas, connections between the key ideas, and in one's own words.	2:2-2.A.n (6-8) Select and organize relevant information.  2:2-2.A.v (6-8) Analyze, synthesize and construct meaning from the text.  2:2-2.A.y (6-8) Interpret and respond to text.  2:2-3.B.m (6-8) Identify main idea and supporting details.  2:2-3.B.o (6-8) Summarize the text.

GRADE 8		
CCSS	CT Standard Match	ELL Framework Link
CC.8.R.I.3 Analyze how a text makes connections among and distinctions between individuals, ideas, or events (e.g., through comparisons, analogies, or categories).	CT.8.R.12 Reading Comprehension: After Reading: Making Reader/Text Connections: Identify motivations and reactions of literary characters from different cultures or historical periods when confronting similar personal conflicts, and hypothesize how those characters would handle a similar modern conflict.	2:2-2.A.n (6-8) Select and organize relevant information.  2:2-2.A.t (6-8) Interpret text.  2:2-2.A.v (6-8) Analyze, synthesize and construct meaning from text.  2:2-3.B.v(6-8) Support interpretation with evidence from text.
Craft and Structure  CC.8.R.I.4  Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.	CT.8.R.1 Vocabulary: Explain and evaluate the effectiveness of persuasive vocabulary authors across all content areas use to influence reader's opinions or actions, e.g., loaded words, exaggeration, emotional words, euphemisms  CT.8.R.2 Reading Comprehension: Before and During Reading: Use cueing system and context clues to determine meanings of words.  CT.8.R.13 Reading Comprehension: After Reading: Content and Structure: Critique the way in which an author uses a variety of language structures to create an intended effect, e.g., words or phrases	2:2-2.A.c (6-8) Develop vocabulary.  2:2-2.A.j (6-8) Expand academic vocabulary.  2:2-2.A.s (6-8) Recognize and use literary terms.  2:2-3.B.u (6-8) Use knowledge of common word parts to learn new words and aid in comprehension.

GRADE 8			
CCSS	CT Standard Match	ELL Framework Link	
CC.8.R.I.5	CT.8.R.13	2:2-2.A.v (6-8)	
Analyze in detail the structure of a specific	Reading Comprehension: After Reading:	Analyze, synthesize and construct meaning	
paragraph in a text, including the role of	Content and Structure: Critique the way in which	from text.	
particular sentences in developing and refining a	an author uses a variety of language structures to		
key concept.	create an intended effect, e.g., words or phrases	2:2-2.A.w (6-8)	
	from another language, dialect, simile and metaphor.	Critique and evaluate text.	
		2:2-3.B.g (6-8)	
		Reread.	
		2:2-3.B.m (6-8)	
		Identify main idea and supporting details.	
CC.8.R.I.6	CT.8.R.17	2:2-2A.n (6-8)	
Determine an author's point of view or purpose	Reading Comprehension: After Reading:	Select and organize relevant information.	
in a text and analyze how the author	Content and Structure: Extend the meaning of a		
acknowledges and responds to conflicting	text by expressing an insight implied but not	2:2-2.A.o (6-8)	
evidence or viewpoints.	stated, e.g., author's perspective, the nature of conflict, or use text-based information to solve a	Respond to fiction and nonfiction text.	
	problem not explicitly identified in the text, e.g.,	2:2-2.A.t (6-8)	
	use information in an article about fitness to	Interpret text.	
	design an exercise routine.	interpret text.	
	design an exercise routine.	2:2-3.B.v (6-8)	
		Support interpretation with evidence from text.	
		Tr	
Integration of Knowledge and Ideas	Integration of Knowledge and Ideas		
CC.8.R.I.7	CT.8.W.20	2:2-2.A.n (6-8)	
Evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of	Writing Process: Publish/Present: uses different	Select and organize relevant information.	
using different mediums (e.g., print or digital	technologies to produce, design and publish a		
text, video, multimedia) to present a particular	finished product, e.g., political cartoons,	2:2-2.A.x (6-8)	
topic or idea.	brochure, stock market or consumer analysis.	Go beyond the text to enhance meaning.	

GRADE 8		
CCSS	CT Standard Match	ELL Framework Link
		2:2-2.C.c (6-8)
		Use appropriate visual, print and auditory
		sources.
		2:2-3.B.c (6-8)
		Make inferences from visuals.
		2:2-3.B.i (6-8)
		Make text-to-self, text-to-text and text to world
		connections.
CC.8.R.I.8	CT.8.R.10	2:2-2.A.u (6-8)
Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific	Reading Comprehension: After Reading:	Develop a critical stance.
claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning	Developing an Interpretation: Compare, contrast	Bevelop a critical stance.
is sound and the evidence is relevant and	and critique two author's beliefs and assumptions	2:2-2.A.w (6-8)
sufficient; recognize when irrelevant evidence is	about a single topic or issue and decide which	Critique and evaluate text.
introduced.	author presents the stronger argument.	1
		2:2-3.B.v (6-8)
	CT.8.R.14	Support interpretation with evidence from text.
	Reading Comprehension: After Reading:	
	Content and Structure: Critique an author's	
	reasoning and use of evidence in an argument or	
	defense of a claim.	
	CT.8.R.15	
	Reading Comprehension: After Reading:	
	Content and Structure: Analyze and critique the	
	intended effects of propaganda techniques the	
	author uses to influence readers' perspectives.	

GRADE 8		
CCSS	CT Standard Match	ELL Framework Link
CC.8.R.I.9	CT.8.R.10	2:2-2.A.n (6-8)
Analyze a case in which two or more texts	Reading Comprehension: After Reading:	Select and organize relevant information.
provide conflicting information on the same	Developing an Interpretation: Compare, contrast	
topic and identify where the texts disagree on	and critique two author's beliefs and assumptions	2:2-2.A.p (6-8)
matters of fact or interpretation.	about a single topic or issue and decide which	Classify data and information.
	author presents the stronger argument.	
		2:2-2.A.w (6-8)
		Critique and evaluate text.
		2:2-3.B.h (6-8)
		Use graphic organizers to enhance
		comprehension.
		2:2-3.B.i (6-8)
		Make text-to-self, text-to-text and text-to world
		connections.

GRADE 8		
CCSS	CT Standards Match	ELL Framework Link
WRITING STRAND: WRITING STANDARI	OS	
Text Types and Purposes		
CC.8.W.1 Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence.	CT.8.W.30 Writing Genres, Traits and Crafts: Persuasive: Analyze and synthesize information from multiple resources to establish and support a position, and to examine opposing perspectives.  CT.8.W.31 Writing Genres, Traits and Crafts: Persuasive: Prepare a position for and engage in a debate.	2:2-2.B.l (6-8) Develop clear ideas with supporting details and evidence.  2:2-2.B.m (6-8) Adjust language, as appropriate, to audience, purpose and task.  2:2-3.C.m (6-8) Use reference materials (dictionaries, thesauruses, grammar books).  2:2-3.C.p (6-8) Use elaboration and specific details.  2:2-3.C.r (6-8) Use the conventions of persuasion.
CC.8.W.1.a Introduce claim(s), acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.	CT.8.W.30 Writing Genres, Traits and Crafts: Persuasive: Analyze and synthesize information from multiple resources to establish and support a position, and to examine opposing perspectives.	2:2-3.C.p (6-8) Use elaboration and specific details.

GRADE 8		
CCSS	CT Standards Match	ELL Framework Link
CC.8.W.1.b	CT.8.W.30	2:2-2.B.l (6-8)
Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and	Writing Genres, Traits and Crafts: Persuasive:	Develop clear ideas with supporting details and
relevant evidence, using accurate, credible	Analyze and synthesize information from	evidence.
sources and demonstrating an understanding of	multiple resources to establish and support a	
the topic or text.	position, and to examine opposing perspectives.	2:2-3.C.p (6-8)
		Use elaboration and specific details.
	CT.8.W.31	
	Writing Genres, Traits and Crafts: Persuasive:	
	Prepare a position for and engage in a debate.	
	CT.8.W.32	
	Writing Genres, Traits and Crafts: Persuasive:	
	Develop a business portfolio to sell a product.	
	CT.8.W.33	
	Writing Genres, Traits and Crafts: Persuasive:	
	Write a review of a restaurant, movie, television	
	show, concert, website.	
	show, concert, weeste.	
	CT.8.W.34	
	Writing Genres, Traits and Crafts: Persuasive:	
	Write a newspaper editorial.	
	CT.8.W.35	
	Writing Genres, Traits and Crafts: Persuasive:	
	Write a public service announcement.	
CC.8.W.1.c	CT.8.W.18	2:2-2.B.l (6-8)
Use words, phrases, and clauses to create	Writing Process: Revise: revise, checking for	Develop clear ideas with supporting details and
cohesion and clarify the relationships among	organization, clarity, fluency and elaboration.	evidence.
claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.		

GRADE 8		
CCSS	CT Standards Match	ELL Framework Link
CC.8.W.1.d Establish and maintain a formal style.	CT.8.W.16 Writing Process: Plan: collect and explore ideas for later use as a basis for informational, persuasive or literary writing, e.g., maintain writer's notebook.	2:2-2.B.m (6-8) Adjust language, as appropriate, to audience, purpose and task.
CC.8.W.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.	CT.8.W.26 Writing Genres, Traits and Crafts: Expository: Write a speech about a mathematical or scientific concept.  CT.8.W.27 Writing Genres, Traits and Crafts: Expository: Write an informational report, e.g., science, social studies, art history, music.	2:2-2B.d (6-8) Engage in effective pre-writing activities (brainstorming, discussing, graphic organizer, etc.).  2:2-2.B.l (6-8) Develop clear ideas with supporting details and evidence.  2:2-2.B.m (6-8) Adjust language, as appropriate, to audience, purpose and task.  2:2-2.B.q (6-8) Write expository and persuasive essays.  2:2-3.C.p (6-8) Use elaboration and specific details.
CC.8.W.2.b  Develop the topic with relevant, well-chosen facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.	CT.8.W.16 Writing Process: Plan: collect and explore ideas for later use as a basis for informational, persuasive or literary writing, e.g., maintain writer's notebook.  CT.8.W.17 Writing Process: Draft: decide if multiple drafts are necessary, and continue drafting/revising as appropriate.	2:2-2.B.l (6-8) Develop clear ideas with supporting details and evidence.

GRADE 8		
CCSS	CT Standards Match	ELL Framework Link
CC.8.W.2.c	CT.8.W.18	2:2-2.B.p (6-8)
Use appropriate and varied transitions to create	Writing Process: Revise: revise, checking for	Use linguistic transitional elements (first, next,
cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.	organization, clarity, fluency and elaboration.	then).
CC.8.W.2.d	CT.8.W.22	2:2-2.B.m (6-8)
Use precise language and domain-specific	Writing Genres, Traits and Crafts: Descriptive:	Adjust language, as appropriate, to audience,
vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.	Write a script for a play or television episode,	purpose and task.
vocabulary to inform about of explain the topic.	fully developing setting and characters so actors	purpose and task.
	can take on role.	
	CT.8.W.23	
	Writing Genres, Traits and Crafts: Descriptive:	
	Write a piece selecting literary devices to convey	
	a specific meaning, e.g., symbols and analogies.	
	CT.8.W.24	
	Writing Genres, Traits and Crafts: Descriptive:	
	Write a piece selecting words for connotation	
	and denotation, e.g., plump vs. fat, shack vs.	
	house.	
CC.8.W.2.e	CT.8.W.16	2:2-2.B.m (6-8)
Establish and maintain a formal style.	Writing Process: Plan: collect and explore ideas	Adjust language, as appropriate, to audience,
	for later use as a basis for informational,	purpose and task
	persuasive or literary writing, e.g., maintain	
	writer's notebook.	2:2-2.B.o (6-8)
		Write for a purpose, considering the audience.
CC.8.W.3	CT.8.W.25	2:2-2.B.i (6-8)
Write narratives to develop real or imagined	Writing Genres, Traits and Crafts: Narrative:	Write a narrative.
experiences or events using effective technique,	Write elaborate dialogue, e.g., script,	
relevant descriptive details, and well-structured	commercial.	2:2-2.B.l (6-8)
event sequences.		Develop clear ideas with supporting details and
		evidence.

GRADE 8		
CCSS	CT Standards Match	ELL Framework Link
		2:2-2.B.p (6-8) Use linguistic transitional elements (first, next, then).
		2:2-3.C.q (6-8) Use sequencing.
CC.8.W.3.a Engage and orient the reader by establishing a context and point of view and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally and logically.	CT.7.W.22 Writing Genres, Traits and Crafts: Descriptive: Write character sketches varying methods of character development, e.g., how character looks, acts, talks, thinks.  CT.7.W.23 Writing Genres, Traits and Crafts: Descriptive: Write elaborate settings varying time, place, mood, physical environment.  CT.7.W.24 Writing Genres, Traits and Crafts: Narrative: Write a fictional story using various literary techniques, e.g., dialogue, humor, figurative language, first or third person, precise language, including all story elements: setting, plot, theme, character development, events, problem, solution.  CT.7.W.25 Writing Genres, Traits and Crafts: Narrative: Write a suspenseful story with cliffhanger ending.	2:2-3.C.l (6-8) Make outlines.  2:2-3.C.q (6-8) Use sequencing.

GRADE 8		
CCSS	CT Standards Match	ELL Framework Link
CC.8.W.3.b	CT.8.W.25	2:2-2.B.i (6-8)
Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue,	Writing Genres, Traits and Crafts: Narrative:	Write a narrative.
pacing, description, and reflection, to develop	Write elaborate dialogue, e.g., script,	
experiences, events, and/or characters.	commercial.	
CC.8.W.3.c	CT.7.W.11	2:2-2.B.p (6-8)
Use a variety of transition words, phrases, and	Writing Conventions: Capitalization/	Use linguistic transitional elements (first, next,
clauses to convey sequence, signal shifts from	Punctuation/Usage: Apply usage rules from	then).
one time frame or setting to another, and show	previous grades.	
the relationships among experiences and events.		
CC.8.W.3.d	CT.7.W.11	2:2-1.C.h (6-8)
Use precise words and phrases, relevant	Writing Conventions: Capitalization/	Produce increasingly complex language.
descriptive details, and sensory language to	Punctuation/Usage: Apply usage rules from	
capture the action and convey experiences and	previous grades.	2:2-1.C.i (6-8)
events.		Communicate clearly and precisely.
	CT.7.W.12	
	Writing Conventions: Capitalization/	
	Punctuation/Usage: Use adverbs vs. adjectives	
	correctly.	
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	CT.7.W.13	
	Writing Conventions: Capitalization /	
	Punctuation / Usage: Use comparative and	
	superlative adjectives correctly.	
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	CT.7.W.14	
	Writing Conventions: Capitalization/	
	Punctuation/Usage: Use parallel construction of elements in a list.	
	- Parallel: The lunchroom was immaculate:	
	napkins in their holders, pop bottles in the recycle container, and trays in place for the next	
	day.	
	- Not parallel: The lunchroom was immaculate:	
	napkins were put away, pop bottles in the recycle	
	bins, and neatly stacked trays.	
	onis, and nearly stacked trays.	

GRADE 8		
CCSS	CT Standards Match	ELL Framework Link
<b>Production and Distribution of Writing</b>		
Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)	CT.8.W.16 Writing Process: Plan: collect and explore ideas for later use as a basis for informational, persuasive or literary writing, e.g., maintain writer's notebook.  CT.8.W.17 Writing Process: Draft: decide if multiple drafts are necessary, and continue drafting/revising as appropriate.  CT.8.W.18 Writing Process: Revise: revise, checking for organization, clarity, fluency and elaboration.  CT.8.W.19 Writing Process: Edit: use multiple resources, e.g., dictionary, glossary, thesaurus, for proofreading and editing.  CT.8.W.20 Writing Process: Publish/Present: uses different technologies to produce, design and publish a finished product, e.g., political cartoons, brochure, stock market or consumer analysis.	2:2-2.B.1 (6-8) Develop clear ideas with supporting details and evidence.  2:2-2.B.m (6-8) Adjust language, as appropriate, to audience, purpose and task.  2:2-2.B.o (6-8) Write for a purpose, considering the audience.  2:2-2.C.i (6-8) Communicate clearly and precisely.  2:2-3.C.p (6-8) Use elaboration and specific details.
With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1–3 up to and	CT.8.W.16 Writing Process: Plan: collect and explore ideas for later use as a basis for informational, persuasive or literary writing, e.g., maintain writer's notebook.	2:2-2.B.j (6-8) Revise, expand and edit a draft with teacher assistance.  2:2-2.B.n (6-8) Revise, expand and edit a draft with peer input.

GRADE 8		
CCSS	CT Standards Match	ELL Framework Link
	CT.8.W.17 Writing Process: Draft: decide if multiple drafts are necessary, and continue drafting/revising as appropriate.  CT.8.W.18 Writing Process: Revise: revise, checking for organization, clarity, fluency and elaboration.  CT.8.W.19 Writing Process: Edit: use multiple resources, e.g., dictionary, glossary, thesaurus, for proofreading and editing.  CT.8.W.20 Writing Process: Publish/Present: uses different technologies to produce, design and publish a finished product, e.g., political cartoons, brochure, stock market or consumer analysis.  CT.8.W.21 Writing Process: Reflect: critique work independently and in groups, and establish a focus collaboratively, e.g., author's craft,	2:2-2.B.o (6-8) Write for a purpose, considering the audience.  2:2-3.C.g (6-8) Seek advice of teacher or peer to revise, expand and edit a draft (writing conferences).  2:2-3.C.h (6-8) Brainstorm ideas before writing.
	elaboration, fluency.	
CC.8.W.6 Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas efficiently as well as to interact and collaborate with others.	CT.8.W.20 Writing Process: Publish/Present: uses different technologies to produce, design and publish a finished product, e.g., political cartoons, brochure, stock market or consumer analysis.	2:2-2.C.c (6-8) Use appropriate visual, print and auditory sources.  2:2-2.C.e (6-8) Use available technology to gather information.

GRADE 8		
CCSS	CT Standards Match	ELL Framework Link
		2:2-2.C.k (6-8) Locate and research information on academic topics from multiple sources.  2:2-3.C.k (6-8) Use technology to enhance writing.
Research to Build and Present Knowledge		
CC.8.W.7 Conduct short research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question), drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration.	CT.8.W.27 Writing Genres, Traits and Crafts: Expository: Write an informational report, e.g., science, social studies, art history, music.	2:2-2.C.c (6-8) Use appropriate visual, print and auditory sources.  2:2-2.C.d (6-8) Consult print and non-print resources in the native language when needed.  2:2-2.C.f (6-8) Raise additional questions generated by research.  2:2-2.C.g (6-8) Select and organize information from appropriate sources for a specific purpose.  2:2-2.C.k (6-8) Locate and research information on academic topics from multiple sources.
CC.8.W.8 Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.	CT.8.W.15 Capitalization / Punctuation / Usage: Cite sources according to prescribed format, e.g., MLA, APA.	2:2-2.C.b (6-8) Observe and record information.  2:2-2.C.c (6-8) Use appropriate visual, print and auditory sources.

GRADE 8		
CCSS	CT Standards Match CT.8.W.30 Writing Genres, Traits and Crafts: Persuasive: Analyze and synthesize information from multiple resources to establish and support a position, and to examine opposing perspectives.	2:2-2.C.g (6-8) Select and organize information from appropriate sources for a specific purpose.  2:2-2.C.l (6-8) Draw conclusions from selected sources.  2:2-3.C.m (6-8) Use reference materials (dictionaries, thesauruses, grammar books).
CC.8.W.9  Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.	CT.8.W.23 Writing Genres, Traits and Crafts: Descriptive: Write a piece selecting literary devices to convey a specific meaning, e.g., symbols and analogies.  CT.8.W.30 Writing Genres, Traits and Crafts: Persuasive: Analyze and synthesize information from multiple resources to establish and support a position, and to examine opposing perspectives.	2:2-2.C.e (6-8) Use available technology to gather information.  2:2-2.C.g (6-8) Select and organize information from appropriate sources for a specific purpose.  2:2-2.C.k (6-8) Locate and research information on academic topics from multiple sources.  2:2-2.C.l (6-8) Draw conclusions from selected sources.  2:2-2.C.m (6-8) Document and justify ideas using evidence from text.

GRADE 8		
CCSS	CT Standards Match	ELL Framework Link
CC.8.W.9.b	CT.8.R.7	
Apply grade 8 Reading standards to literary	Reading Comprehension: After Reading:	
nonfiction (e.g., "Delineate and evaluate the	Developing an Interpretation: Develop literal and	
argument and specific claims in a text, assessing	inferential questions about texts using explicit	
whether the reasoning is sound and the evidence	and implicit evidence from the texts.	
is relevant and sufficient; recognize when		
irrelevant evidence is introduced").	CT.8.R.8	
	Reading Comprehension: After Reading:	
	Developing an Interpretation: Compare and	
	contrast literature written in a variety of genres	
	and explain why certain genres are best suited to	
	convey a specific message or invoke a particular	
	response from the reader.	
	GTT 0 TO 10	
	CT.8.R.10	
	Reading Comprehension: After Reading:	
	Developing an Interpretation: Compare, contrast	
	and critique two author's beliefs and assumptions	
	about a single topic or issue and decide which	
	author presents the stronger argument.	

GRADE 8		
CCSS	CT Standards Match	ELL Framework Link
SPEAKING AND LISTENING STRAND: SPE	AKING AND LISTENING STANDARDS	
Comprehension and Collaboration		
CC.8.SL.1 Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacherled) with diverse partners on grade 8 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.	CT.8.OL.1 Listening/Speaking: Evaluate the credibility of a speaker, e.g., hidden agendas, slants or biases.  CT.8.OL.4 Listening/Speaking: Provide helpful feedback to speakers based on agreed on criteria concerning the quality of a speech and the speaker's delivery.	2:2-1.B.a (6-8) Participate in full-class, group and paired activities.  2:2-1.B.j (6-8) Contribute relevant ideas to a discussion.  2:2-1.B.r (6-8) Elaborate on and extend the ideas of others.  2:2-1.C.j (6-8) Adjust language, as appropriate, to audience, purpose and task.  2:2-3.A.e (6-8) Use self-monitoring and self-correcting strategies.
CC.8.SL.1.d  Acknowledge new information expressed by others, and, when warranted, qualify or justify their own views in light of the evidence presented.	CT.8.OL.3 Listening/Speaking: Use audience feedback, e.g., verbal and nonverbal cues, to modify an oral presentation.	2:2-1.B.h (6-8) Express and defend opinions.  2:2-1.B.l (6-8) Question the opinions of others and respect their answers.
CC.8.SL.2 Analyze the purpose of information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and evaluate the motives (e.g., social, commercial, political) behind its presentation.	CT.8.OL.1 Listening/Speaking: Evaluate the credibility of a speaker, e.g., hidden agendas, slants or biases.	2:2-1.B.o (6-8) Distinguish fact from opinion during discussion.  2:2-1.B.s (6-8) Evaluate information for relevancy.

GRADE 8		
CCSS	CT Standards Match	ELL Framework Link
CC.8.SL.3  Delineate a speaker's argument and specific claims, evaluating the soundness of the reasoning and relevance and sufficiency of the evidence and identifying when irrelevant evidence is introduced.	CT.8.OL.1 Listening/Speaking: Evaluate the credibility of a speaker, e.g., hidden agendas, slants or biases.	2:2-1.C.i (6-8) Communicate clearly and precisely.  2:2-1.C.j (6-8) Adjust language, as appropriate, to audience, purpose and task.  2:2-1.B.e (6-8) Listen to and respect the opinions of others.  2:2-1.B.l (6-8) Question the opinions of others and respect their answers.  2:2-1.B.n (6-8) Listen to and incorporate feedback.  2:2-1.B.o (6-8) Distinguish fact from opinion during discussion.  2:2-1.B.s (6-8) Evaluate information for relevancy.
Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas		
CC.8.SL.4 Present claims and findings, emphasizing salient points in a focused, coherent manner with relevant evidence, sound valid reasoning, and well-chosen details; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.	CT.8.OL.2 Listening/Speaking: Deliver focused, coherent oral presentations, with and without notes, that clearly convey ideas and use appropriate intonation, enunciation, pace, word choice and grammar.	2:2-1.C.h (6-8) Produce increasingly complex language.  2:2-1.C.i (6-8) Communicate clearly and precisely.  2:2-1.C.j (6-8) Adjust language, as appropriate, to audience, purpose and task.

GRADE 8		
CCSS	CT Standards Match	ELL Framework Link
		3:3-1.A.d (6-8) Use acceptable tone and volume.
		3:3-1.A.j (6-8) Rephrase an utterance when it has been misunderstood.
CC.8.SL.5 Integrate multimedia and visual displays into presentations to clarify information, strengthen claims and evidence, and add interest.	CT.8.OL.2 Listening/Speaking: Deliver focused, coherent oral presentations, with and without notes, that clearly convey ideas and use appropriate intonation, enunciation, pace, word choice and grammar.	2:2-2.C.c (6-8) Use appropriate visual, print and auditory sources.  2:2-2.C.h (6-8) Present results of a research project.
	CT.8.W.20 Writing Process: Publish/Present: uses different technologies to produce, design and publish a finished product, e.g., political cartoons, brochure, stock market or consumer analysis.	
CC.8.SL.6 Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. (See Grade 8 Language standards 1 and 3 on page 53 for specific expectations.)	CT.8.OL.2 Listening/Speaking: Deliver focused, coherent oral presentations, with and without notes, that clearly convey ideas and use appropriate intonation, enunciation, pace, word choice and grammar.	2:2-1.C.f (6-8) Recognize the difference between standard and nonstandard English.  2:2-1.C.g (6-8) Recognize and use complex syntax.
	8	2:2-1.C.i (6-8) Communicate clearly and precisely.  2:2-1.C.j (6-8) Adjust language, as appropriate, to audience, purpose and task.

GRADE 8		
CCSS	CT Standards Match	ELL Framework Link
		3:3-1.A.n (6-8) Recognize and apply the style of speech appropriate to a given situation.

GRADE 8		
CCSS	CT Standards Match	ELL Framework Link
LANGUAGE STRAND: LANGUAGE STAN	DARDS	
<b>Conventions of Standard English</b>		
CC.8.L.1  Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.	CT.8.W.1 Spelling: Use spelling rules and patterns from previous grades.  CT.8.W.2 Spelling: Use multiple strategies to spell. Examples: - homophones, e.g., capital and capitol - affixes, e.g., dis-, ir-, -ist -ism - Greek and Latin roots, e.g., circus, spiral, vision - words from other languages, e.g., arena, buffet, souffle, lariat - frequently misspelled words, e.g., accommodation, cemetery, receive  CT.8.W.3 Capitalization/Punctuation/Usage: Use capitalization, punctuation, and usage rules from previous grades.  CT.8.W.4 Capitalization/Punctuation/Usage: Capitalizes the title of a specific course, e.g., History 9a as opposed to history.  CT.8.W.5 Capitalization/Punctuation/Usage: Use commas to enclose titles, e.g., Jennifer Longstreet, M.D., is a pediatrician.	2:2-1.C.b (6-8) Use basic language patterns accurately.  2:2-1.C.c (6-8) Produce original sentences with increasingly accuracy.  2:2-1.C.i (6-8) Communicate clearly and precisely.  2:2-2.B.k (6-8) Attend to writing mechanics (punctuation and spelling).  2:2-2.B.r (6-8) Recognize and use syntax.

GRADE 8		
CCSS	CT Standards Match	ELL Framework Link
	CT.8.W.6 Capitalization/Punctuation/Usage: Use commas for emphasis or clarity, e.g., What the teacher does, does affect students' learning.	
	CT.8.W.7 Capitalization/Punctuation/Usage: Place commas and periods inside quotation marks.	
	CT.8.W.8 Capitalization/Punctuation/Usage: Use apostrophes to form plurals of letters or numbers, e.g., know your ABC's.	
	CT.8.W.9 Capitalization/Punctuation/Usage: Use apostrophes in possessive compound nouns, e.g., the mother-in-law's birthday.	
	CT.8.W.10 Capitalization/Punctuation/Usage: Use a colon between title and subtitle, e.g., Write Source 2000: A Guide to Thinking, Writing and Learning.	
	CT.8.W.11 Capitalization/Punctuation/Usage: Uses slash (/) correctly, e.g., in a fraction; to show choice.	
	CT.8.W.12 Capitalization/Punctuation/Usage: Uses parallel construction when listing infinitive phrases, e.g., parallel: Bradley likes to run, dive, and ride horses; not parallel: Bradley likes to run, to dive, and ride a horse.	

GRADE 8		
CCSS	CT Standards Match	ELL Framework Link
	CT.8.W.13 Capitalization/Punctuation/Usage: Use paragraph conventions, e.g., designated by indentation or block format, skipping lines between paragraphs.	
CC.8.L.1.b  Form and use verbs in the active and passive voice.	CT.8.W.3 Capitalization/Punctuation/Usage: Use capitalization, punctuation, and usage rules from previous grades.	
CC.8.L.1.c Conventions of Standard English: Form and use verbs in the indicative, imperative, interrogative, conditional, and subjunctive mood.  CC.8.L.1.d Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in verb voice and mood.	CT.8.W.3 Capitalization/Punctuation/Usage: Use capitalization, punctuation, and usage rules from previous grades.  CT.8.W.3 Capitalization/Punctuation/Usage: Use capitalization, punctuation, and usage rules from	
CC.8.L.2  Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.	previous grades.  CT.8.W.1  Spelling: Use spelling rules and patterns from previous grades.	2:2-2.B.g (6-8) Attend to writing mechanics (capital letters, periods and question marks).
Special with many	CT.8.W.2 Spelling: Use multiple strategies to spell. Examples: - homophones, e.g., capital and capitol - affixes, e.g., dis-, ir-, -ist -ism - Greek and Latin roots, e.g., circus, spiral, vision - words from other languages, e.g., arena, buffet, souffle, lariat - frequently misspelled words, e.g., accommodation, cemetery, receive.	2:2-2.B.k (6-8) Attend to writing mechanics (punctuation and spelling).  2:2-2.B.r (6-8) Recognize and use syntax.

GRADE 8		
CCSS	CT Standards Match	ELL Framework Link
	CT.8.W.3 Capitalization/Punctuation/Usage: Use capitalization, punctuation, and usage rules from previous grades.	
	CT.8.W.4 Capitalization/Punctuation/Usage: Capitalizes the title of a specific course, e.g., History as opposed to history.	
	CT.8.W.5 Capitalization/Punctuation/Usage: Use commas to enclose titles, e.g., Jennifer Longstreet, M.D., is a pediatrician.	
	CT.8.W.6 Capitalization/Punctuation/Usage: Use commas for emphasis or clarity, e.g., What the teacher does, does affect students' learning.	
	CT.8.W.7 Capitalization/Punctuation/Usage: Place commas and periods inside quotation marks.	
	CT.8.W.8 Capitalization/Punctuation/Usage: Use apostrophes to form plurals of letters or numbers, e.g., know your ABC's.	
	CT.8.W.9 Capitalization/Punctuation/Usage: Use apostrophes in possessive compound nouns, e.g., the mother-in-law's birthday.	

GRADE 8		
CCSS	CT Standards Match	ELL Framework Link
	CT.8.W.10 Capitalization/Punctuation/Usage: Use a colon between title and subtitle, e.g., Write Source 2000: A Guide to Thinking, Writing and Learning.	
	CT.8.W.11 Capitalization/Punctuation/Usage: Uses slash (/) correctly, e.g., in a fraction; to show choice.	
CC.8.L.2.a	CT.8.W.6	2:2-2.B.k (6-8)
Use punctuation (comma, ellipsis, dash) to indicate a pause or break.	Capitalization/Punctuation/Usage: Use commas for emphasis or clarity, e.g., What the teacher does, does affect students' learning.	Attend to writing mechanics (punctuation and spelling).
CC.8.L.2.c	CT.8.W.1	2:2-2.B.k (6-8)
Conventions of Standard English: Spell correctly.	Spelling: Use spelling rules and patterns from previous grades.	Attend to writing mechanics (punctuation and spelling).
	CT.8.W.2  Spelling: Use multiple strategies to spell.  Examples:  - homophones, e.g., capital and capitol  - affixes, e.g., dis-, ir-, -ist -ism  - Greek and Latin roots, e.g., circus, spiral, vision  - words from other languages, e.g., arena, buffet, souffle, lariat  - frequently misspelled words, e.g., accommodation, cemetery, receive.	
Knowledge of Language		
CC.8.L.3 Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.	CT.8.W.1 Spelling: Use spelling rules and patterns from previous grades.	2:2-1.B.m (6-8) Use formal language to negotiate and reach consensus.

GRADE 8		
CCSS	CT Standards Match	ELL Framework Link
	CT.8.W.2	2:2-1.C.b (6-8)
	Spelling: Use multiple strategies to spell.	Use basic language patterns accurately.
	Examples:	
	- homophones, e.g., capital and capitol	2:2-1.C.g (6-8)
	- affixes, e.g., dis-, ir-, -ist -ism	Recognize and use complex syntax.
	- Greek and Latin roots, e.g., circus, spiral,	
	vision	2:2-1.C.h (6-8)
	- words from other languages, e.g., arena, buffet, souffle, lariat	Produce increasingly complex language.
	- frequently misspelled words, e.g.,	2:2-1.C.i (6-8)
	accommodation, cemetery, receive	Communicate clearly and precisely.
	CT.8.W.3	
	Capitalization/Punctuation/Usage: Use	
	capitalization, punctuation, and usage rules from	
	previous grades.	
	CT.8.W.4	
	Capitalization/Punctuation/Usage: Capitalizes	
	the title of a specific course, e.g., History 9a as	
	opposed to history.	
	opposed to instary.	
	CT.8.W.5	
	Capitalization/Punctuation/Usage: Use commas	
	to enclose titles, e.g., Jennifer Longstreet, M.D.,	
	is a pediatrician.	
	CT.8.W.6	
	Capitalization/Punctuation/Usage: Use commas	
	for emphasis or clarity, e.g., What the teacher	
	does, does affect students' learning.	

GRADE 8		
CCSS	CT Standards Match	ELL Framework Link
	CT.8.W.7 Capitalization/Punctuation/Usage: Place commas and periods inside quotation marks.	
	CT.8.W.8 Capitalization/Punctuation/Usage: Use apostrophes to form plurals of letters or numbers, e.g., know your ABC's.	
	CT.8.W.9 Capitalization/Punctuation/Usage: Use apostrophes in possessive compound nouns, e.g., the mother-in-law's birthday.	
	CT.8.W.10 Capitalization/Punctuation/Usage: Use a colon between title and subtitle, e.g., Write Source 2000: A Guide to Thinking, Writing and Learning.	
	CT.8.W.11 Capitalization/Punctuation/Usage: Uses slash (/) correctly, e.g., in a fraction; to show choice.	
	CT.8.W.12 Capitalization/Punctuation/Usage: Uses parallel construction when listing infinitive phrases, e.g., parallel: Bradley likes to run, dive, and ride horses; not parallel: Bradley likes to run, to dive, and ride a horse.	

GRADE 8		
CCSS	CT Standards Match	ELL Framework Link
Vocabulary Acquisition and Use		
CC.8.L.4  Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words or phrases based on grade 8 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.	CT.8.R.2 Reading Comprehension: Before and During Reading: Use cueing system and context clues to determine meanings of words.	2:2-2.A.c (6-8) Develop vocabulary.  2:2-2.A.h (6-8) Recognize common word parts.  2:2-2.A.j (6-8) Expand academic vocabulary.  2:2-3.B.f (6-8) Use context to construct meaning.  2:2-3.B.u (6-8) Use knowledge of common word parts to learn new words and aid in comprehension.
CC.8.L.4.a Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.  CC.8.L.4.c Vocabulary Acquisition and Use: Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech.	CT.8.R.2 Reading Comprehension: Before and During Reading: Use cueing system and context clues to determine meanings of words.  CT.8.W.19 Writing Process: Edit: use multiple resources, e.g., dictionary, glossary, thesaurus, for proofreading and editing.	2:2-3.B.f (6-8) Use context to construct meaning.  2:2-2.C.d (6-8) Consult print and non-print resources in the native language when needed.  2:2-3.C.m (6-8) Use reference materials (dictionaries, thesauruses, grammar books).

GRADE 8		
CCSS	CT Standards Match	ELL Framework Link
CC.8.L.4.d	CT.7.W.19	2:2-2.C.d (6-8)
Verify the preliminary determination of the	Writing Process: Edit: use multiple resources,	Consult print and non-print resources in the
meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a	e.g., dictionary, glossary, thesaurus, for proofreading and editing.	native language when needed.
dictionary).		2:2-3.B.f (6-8)
		Use context to construct meaning.
		2:2-3.C.m (6-8)
		Use reference materials (dictionaries,
		thesauruses, grammar books).
CC.8.L.5	CT.8.R.13	2:2-1.C.h (6-8)
Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in	Reading Comprehension: After Reading: Content and Structure: Critique the way in which	Produce increasingly complex language.
word meanings.	an author uses a variety of language structures to	2:2-2.A.z (6-8)
	create an intended effect, e.g., words or phrases	Recognize the elements of an author's craft
	from another language, dialect, simile and metaphor.	including literary devices.
	metaphor.	3:3-1.B.a (6-8)
		Understand common idioms.
		3:3-1.B.c (6-8)
		Use common idioms.
		3:3-1.B.h (6-8)
		Use a variety of idioms appropriately in speech and writing.

GRADE 8		
CCSS	CT Standards Match	ELL Framework Link
CC.8.L.5.a Interpret figures of speech (e.g. verbal irony, puns) in context.	CT.8.R.13 Reading Comprehension: After Reading: Content and Structure: Critique the way in which an author uses a variety of language structures to create an intended effect, e.g., words or phrases from another language, dialect, simile and metaphor.	2:2-2.A.s (6-8) Recognize and use literary terms.  2:2-2.A.z (6-8) Recognize the elements of an author's craft including literary devices.  3:3-1.B.a (6-8) Understand common idioms.  3:3-1.B.h (6-8) Use a variety of idioms appropriately in speech and writing.
CC.8.L.5.b Use the relationship between particular words to better understand each of the words.  CC.8.L.5.c Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., bullheaded, willful, firm,	CT.7.R.2 Reading Comprehension: Before and During Reading: Use cueing system and context clues to determine meanings of words.  CT.8.W.24 Writing Genres, Traits and Crafts: Descriptive: Write a piece selecting words for connotation and denotation, e.g., plump vs. fat, shack vs.	2:2-3.B.f (6-8) Use context to construct meaning.
persistent, resolute).  CC.8.L.6  Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.	house.  CT.8.R.1  Vocabulary: Explain and evaluate the effectiveness of persuasive vocabulary authors across all content areas use to influence reader's opinions or actions, e.g., loaded words, exaggeration, emotional words, euphemisms.	2:2-2.A.c (6-8) Develop vocabulary.  2:2-2.A.h (6-8) Recognize common word parts.  2:2-2.A.j (6-8) Expand academic vocabulary.